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Spotlight: Progress Update on OVO Recommendations to VAC

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Spotlight: Progress Update on OVO Recommendations to VAC

Overview

This is my fifth summary report on the progress made by Veterans Affairs Canada (VAC) towards implementing our recommendations. By annually shining a spotlight on our recommendations to the Minister of Veterans Affairs, we endeavour to keep the Veteran community informed of the systemic gaps in or barriers we have found to equitable access to the benefits and programs that Canada has legislated for her Canadian Armed Forces and Royal Canadian Mounted Police Veterans and their families.

For each of our outstanding, still-valid recommendations, we seek input from VAC before assessing them for implementation progress as “Implemented,” “Partially Implemented,” “In Progress,” or “Not Implemented.” Recommendations made within the immediately past fiscal year are designated “Not Yet Tracked” but will be assessed in the following year.



2024-2025 Fiscal Year

Notable Progress

Gender Equity in the Adjudication of Sexual Dysfunction

The gender inequities related to sexual dysfunction claims consequential to psychiatric conditions that we found in our 2022 report on this issue have been fully addressed by VAC as follows:

- the Table of Disabilities and associated medical questionnaires have been revised to include female-specific sexual disorders and to support consistent decision-making
- the Psychiatric Entitlement Eligibility Guidelines¹ have been updated
- specialized training to support fair adjudication of sexual dysfunction claims across sex and specific conditions has been completed

Report: [*Adjudication of Sexual Dysfunction Claims Consequential to an Entitled Psychiatric Condition \(2022\)*](#)

Outstanding Recommendations

We have often heard it said, “when the member serves, the family also serves.” I fully acknowledge that it can take time to implement changes, and I am encouraged by the Department’s progress in advancing gender equity and in improving the wait times for disability benefit adjudication. But, given what I have seen and heard all across Canada over the past three years, I am compelled to emphasize the need for the Government and VAC to implement the recommendations we have made that directly affect Veterans’ families.

¹ The Entitlement Eligibility Guidelines (EEGs) are tools used by decision-makers to help determine the relationship of a Veteran’s medical condition/disability to military service.



Mental Health Treatment Benefits for Family Members

I have heard many heartbreaking stories about Veteran families struggling with their own mental health needs as a result of being part of a military – or RCMP – family. And I must credit VAC for doing their best within the legislative guidelines to provide some mental health supports to family members. However, access is, for the most part, completely dependent on the Veteran’s engagement in treatment, and there are many instances where that is impossible or challenging. The stories I have heard are deeply compelling and I cannot encourage the Minister and the Department more strongly to do what is necessary to implement the recommendations in our January 2021 report.

I have spoken publicly about this everywhere we have been, and I remain utterly committed to pushing for change in this area of critical need.

Report: [*Mental Health Treatment Benefits for Family Members, in their Own Right, for Conditions related to Military Service \(2021\)*](#)

Reducing the Burden of Care on Veterans’ Live-in Relatives

It is time for VAC to stop asking military families to continue to shoulder the burdens created by their Veterans’ service to Canada. The Veterans Independence Program (VIP) is designed to provide Veterans with some assistance towards remaining in their own homes for as long as they can despite their service-related disabilities. But the VAC policy for administering the VIP is based on the presumption that a live-in relative should take on the share of the Veteran’s household tasks that the Veteran can no longer do.

In a letter to the Minister of Veterans Affairs, published on our website in May 2024, I recommended that Veterans’ live-in relatives should not be expected to fill gaps in care and household support for service-related needs regardless of whether they are willing, available, and able to do so. Families must not be asked over and over again to shoulder the burden of their Veterans’ service.

Letter to the Minister: [*Re: The Burden of Care: A Fairness Gap in the Veterans Independence Program Policy*](#)

Full and Fair Payment of Pain and Suffering Compensation

On the death of a Veteran in receipt of Pain and Suffering Compensation (PSC), the *Veterans Well-being Act* allows VAC to pay out any remaining PSC amount to the surviving spouse/common-law partner and dependent children. However, a single Veteran with no dependent children does not receive the same consideration, as the remaining amount does not get paid to the Veteran’s estate. We find this to be unfair. Veterans in this situation may die having received only a part of the PSC lump sum value, with no way for the remaining value to be paid out. Furthermore, available data suggest this limitation may disproportionately disadvantage Veterans who are not heterosexual men, thereby failing to reflect the diversity of Veterans’ family arrangements and support structures.

In 2024 we recommended that VAC address this unfairness and I will continue to call on the Department to resolve this issue.

Report: [*Full and Fair Payment of Pain and Suffering Compensation*](#)



Colonel (Ret’d) Nishika Jardine
Veterans Ombud



Progress Assessment Chart

Year	Report	Recommendation	Does VAC Accept?	2025 Status
2025	Additional Dependant Care Reimbursement Under the Veterans Affairs Canada Rehabilitation Program (2025)	1. Amend the <i>Veterans Well-being Regulations</i> to include discretion to exceed the maximum rate when circumstances warrant for Additional Dependant Care for clients attending rehabilitation services other than training.	Under Review	Not Yet Tracked 
		2. Ensure that the regulatory provisions for Additional Dependant Care maximum rates do not result in clients bearing more of the cost of Additional Dependant Care over time.	Under Review	Not Yet Tracked 
2024	The Burden of Care: A Fairness Gap in the Veterans Independence Program Policy	1. That VAC review and revise the existing policy and regulatory frameworks to eliminate gaps that create additional burdens for live-in relatives who are meeting the service-related care-at-home needs of Veterans.	No	Not Implemented 
2024	Full and Fair Payment of Pain and Suffering Compensation	1. Resolve the unfairness for single Veterans with no dependent children who would have received more through the Pain and Suffering Compensation lump sum than through their monthly payments had they elected it before their death. One option would be for Veterans who die before making the election to be deemed to have elected the lump sum on the day before their death.	No	Not Implemented 
		2. Until Recommendation 1 is implemented, ensure Veterans receive detailed and plain language information explaining what happens should they die without having elected the lump sum.	Yes	In Progress 
2022	Disability Pension Reductions due to Merlo Davidson Settlement Compensation	1. That VAC immediately cease disability pension reductions for Merlo Davidson Levels 1 and 2 claimants and issue corrective payments to the women from whom pension amounts have been clawed back.		Implemented 
		2. That VAC publish its methodology for determining whether and in what amount Merlo Davidson compensation comprises compensation for a pensioned disability under the <i>Pension Act</i> , and barring same, immediately cease disability pension reductions for Merlo Davidson claimants at Levels 3 to 6 and issue corrective payments to		Implemented 



		the women from whom pension amounts have been clawed back.		
2022	Adjudication of Sexual Dysfunction Consequential to a Psychiatric Condition	1. Eliminate the sex-based bias in the VAC adjudication of sexual dysfunction claims consequential to a psychiatric condition. One way would be to use the same approach to decision-making for both male and female claims.		Implemented 
		2. Update the PEN 68e Medical Questionnaire to equitably capture sexual dysfunctions affecting all clients.		Implemented 
		3. Update the Table of Disabilities to include impairment ratings for all sexual dysfunctions listed in contemporary diagnostic manuals to standardize the adjudication process for all clients.		Implemented 
		4. Provide clearer guidance for adjudicating female sexual dysfunction claims consequential to a psychiatric condition by defining decreased libido in the psychiatric Entitlement Eligibility Guidelines.		Implemented 
		5. Refine the granularity of the data collection system in order to fully capture the nature of sexual dysfunction claims, including for decreased libido, in the diverse VAC client population.		Implemented 
2022	Additional Monthly Amount	1. That the Minister correct the financial unfairness between the two benefits at the crossover point. Increasing the Additional Monthly Amount payment to the same rate as the Pain and Suffering Compensation payment for Veterans who live beyond their crossover point would be one way of achieving this.	No	Not Implemented 
2021	Peer Support for Veterans who have Experienced Military Sexual Trauma	1. Provide a funded peer support program that meets the needs of Veterans who have experienced MST.	Yes	Partially Implemented 
		2. Publish the Gender-Based Analysis Plus for the establishment of a funded peer support program for Veterans who have experienced MST.	Partially Agree	Not Implemented 



		3. Establish a performance measurement system and report annually on all peer support program outcomes to ensure that the needs of Veterans and their families are addressed.	Yes	In Progress 
2021	Mental Health Treatment Benefits for Family Members, in their Own Right, for the Conditions Related to Military Service	1. Considering the unique impact of military service on the mental health and well-being of both Veterans and their family members as a result of frequent postings, long and multiple absences, and the inherent risk of military service resulting in illness, injury or death, the Government ensure that family members, including former spouses, survivors and dependent children, have access to federal Government funded mental health treatment in their own right when the mental health illness is related to conditions of military service experienced by the family member, independent of the Veteran's treatment plan and regardless of whether the Veteran is engaging in treatment.	Yes	Not Implemented 
		2. That VAC conduct and publish a Gender Based Analysis+ of the accessibility to mental health treatment benefits and services to family members, including spouses, former spouses, survivors and dependent children, to determine if there are barriers which make it difficult for certain groups to access the care they need.	Yes	Not Implemented 
		3. VAC continue to demonstrate flexibility to address the urgent mental health needs of family members. Further, we encourage VAC to explore expanding and obtaining additional authorities to minimize the significant financial costs of obtaining mental health treatment for family members that some Veterans and their families experience. This may include expanding access to treatment sessions for some family members.		No Longer Tracked 
2020	Financial Compensation for Canadian Veterans: A Comparative Analysis of Benefit Regimes	1. Clearly identify the financial outcomes Canada seeks to provide for ill and injured Veterans.	Yes	Not Implemented 
		2. Harmonize existing financial compensation frameworks to meet identified financial outcomes.	No	Not Implemented 
		3. Pending identification of financial compensation outcomes and to avoid further inequity, ensure that no Veteran with a Diminished Earning Capacity designation who	No	Not Implemented 



		submits their application under Pension for Life is financially disadvantaged compared to those who submitted their application under the <i>Veterans Well-being Act</i> prior to April 1, 2019.		
		4. Compensate Veterans for lost career progression as though the Veteran had served a full military career.	No	Not Implemented 
2020	Supplementary Retirement Benefit Payout	1. Review the SRB eligibility start date of all dual CAF-LTD and VAC Veterans released prior to 1 October 2016 and deemed TPI/DEC. Veterans released after this date are assumed to be in receipt of ELB because of the VAC outreach connected to the implementation of the 90% top up of CAF-LTD benefits; 2. If a Veteran's SRB eligibility start date is later than the payment commencement date for CAF-LTD, use the latter date as the eligibility start date for calculation of the SRB payout (going back as early as 1 April 2006); 3. From a fairness perspective, and to achieve equitable outcomes, it is recommended that the Minister of Veterans Affairs and VAC recalculate the SRB payable based on the adjusted eligibility date and pay the corrected amount to eligible Veterans.	No	Not Implemented 
2020	Income Replacement Benefit Calculation for Reserve Force Veterans	1. Amend the <i>Veterans Well-being Regulations</i> to ensure that Income Replacement Benefits are fairly calculated for Veterans releasing from any class of Reserve Force service. The OVO suggests the following change to the wording of paragraph 18(1)(b) of the <i>Veterans Well-being Regulations</i> (and other relevant sections): For a Veteran whose final release is from the Reserve Force, select the greater of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the Veteran's monthly military salary at the time of release; the Veteran's monthly military salary at the time of release from the class of service wherein the event that resulted in the health problem leading to the release occurred; or the set minimum salary. 	Yes	Partially Implemented 
		2. Rectify unintentional systemic bias by applying a Reservist lens in policy development.		Implemented 



2018	Meeting Expectations: Timely and Transparent Decisions for Canada's Ill and Injured Veterans	1. Provide equitable access to timely decisions regardless of factors such as the applicant's gender and language.	Yes	Partially Implemented 
		2. Standardize Service Standard Start Dates to improve transparency and equity and facilitate accurate performance reporting.	Yes	Partially Implemented 
		3. Triage applications upon receipt based on health and financial need.	Yes	Partially Implemented 
		4. Reimburse all Veterans' health care expenses for approved claimed conditions 90 days prior to their date of application.		Implemented 
		5. When a Veteran dies with a disability benefit application in progress, continue to process the application and permit payment to the estate if the decision is favourable.	No	Not Implemented 
		6. Provide each applicant with an individualized, expected turnaround time for their application, and inform them if the decision will be delayed and why.	Partially Agree	Partially Implemented 
		7. Provide clients with a checklist of all required documents on the application form and, upon receipt, immediately return applications if required documents are missing.	Yes	Partially Implemented 
2017	Continuum of Care: A Journey from Home to Long Term Care	1. Follow-up contact with Veterans Independence Program recipients should be made on at least an annual basis and more frequently for those at higher risk (with in-home assessments when necessary) to ensure timely and accurate identification of changing needs as Veterans age.	Yes	Partially Implemented 
		2. Eliminate the inconsistency in Veterans Independence Program eligibility for housekeeping and grounds maintenance for survivors and spouses so that they may all have access to the services they need, regardless of what the Veteran received or did not receive prior to their death or involuntary separation.	Partially Agree	Not Implemented 



		3. Adjust the eligibility criteria of the Caregiver Recognition Benefit to provide easier access to compensation for caregivers when service-related conditions inhibit a Veteran's ability to perform Instrumental Activities of Daily Living and childcare.		No Longer Tracked 
		4. Introduce additional financial support that can be used to subsidize assisted living options for Veterans whose needs do not require Long Term Care, but who cannot stay in their own homes.	Partially Agree	Not Implemented 
		5. Merge the Veterans Independence Program and Long Term Care program into one "Continuum of Care" program such that access is determined once, and criteria are transparent, understandable, and based on the physical and mental health needs of the Veteran.	Partially Agree	Not Implemented 
		6. Reduce the complexity of 28 different eligibility groups, currently using service type, such that access to continuum of care support is based on the physical and mental health needs of Veterans.	Yes	Not Implemented 
		7. Develop and publicly communicate a strategy to ensure that the continuum of care needs of all Veterans are being met within the current context of the Canadian Health Care system.		No Longer Tracked 
2017	Improving the New Veterans Charter: The Actuarial Analysis – Follow up Report	1. That the Minister of Veterans Affairs, by 1 April 2019, consolidate financial benefits to reduce complexity and better address the financial needs of Veterans and survivors.		No Longer Tracked 
		2. That VAC assess the level of financial support it provides to Veterans who are not TPI to ensure that their financial needs are being met and publish the results of that assessment by 1 April 2018.		No Longer Tracked 
		3. That VAC assess the level of financial support it provides to survivors to ensure that their lifelong financial needs are being met and publish the results of that assessment by 1 April 2018.		No Longer Tracked 
		4. That VAC review when financial benefits are being delivered to Veterans and their survivors to ensure that their financial needs are being met and publish by 1 April 2018 the benchmarks used to measure that financial support.		No Longer Tracked 



2016	Veterans' Families: Caring for those who care	1. Provide mental health treatment benefits to family members in their own right.		No Longer Tracked 
		2. Establish a caregiver benefit for families providing care to ill and injured Veterans.		No Longer Tracked 
2016	Joint Transition Project: Closing the Seam	1. Apply once for all benefits.		No Longer Tracked 
		2. Reduce CF Pension payment delay.		No Longer Tracked 
		3. Ensure that all VAC benefits are in place at time of release.		No Longer Tracked 
		4. Provide Members/Veterans/Families with a navigator throughout the transition process.		No Longer Tracked 
2016	Fair Compensation to Veterans and their Survivors for Pain and Suffering	1. That the Minister of Veterans Affairs provide compensation to Veterans and their survivors under the NVC to recognize for the non-economic effects of exceptional incapacity.		Implemented 
		2. That Veterans Affairs Canada develop new eligibility criteria for the non-economic benefit that compensates for exceptional incapacity (i.e. criteria that are not based on a specific minimum disability percentage).		Implemented 
		3. That the Minister of Veterans Affairs amend NVC legislation and regulations to permit a single CAF member with no dependent children to designate a family member to apply for and receive the Death Benefit.	No	Not Implemented 



2014	Supporting Severely Impaired Veterans: A Report on the New Veterans Charter Permanent Impairment Allowance and Permanent Impairment Allowance Supplement	1. That the Minister of Veterans Affairs amends section 40 of the <i>Canadian Forces Members and Veterans Re-establishment and Compensation Regulations</i> to include, “other permanent and severe injury or illness that affect employment and career progression opportunities” in the definition of a permanent and severe impairment.		Implemented 
		2. That the Minister and the Department of Veterans Affairs amend relevant Permanent Impairment Allowance regulations and policy to include specific loss of earning capacity criteria to ensure alignment between the determination of the extent of impairment and the objective of the allowance.		Implemented 
		3. That the Minister and the Department of Veterans Affairs amend the Permanent Impairment Allowance policy and the relevant regulations so that the assignment of grade levels is based on specific criteria (including the number of working years affected) that characterize the impact of a permanent and severe impairment on loss of employment and career progression opportunities.		Implemented 
		4. That the Minister of Veterans Affairs amends legislation to provide the Permanent Impairment Allowance and the Supplement to a survivor at the full rate for a period of one year following the death of the Veteran, if the Veteran was in receipt of the benefits at the time of death.		No Longer Tracked 
2013	Investing in Veterans' Vocational Training	1. It is recommended that the Department of Veterans Affairs develop appropriate program measurements to effectively monitor Veterans' progression and success in completing their Individual Vocational Rehabilitation Plan, including subsequent employment.		No Longer Tracked 
		2. It is recommended that the Minister of Veterans Affairs amend the <i>Canadian Forces Members and Veterans Re-establishment and Compensation Regulations</i> to ensure that all costs associated with post-secondary education are paid.		Implemented 
		3. It is recommended that the Department of Veterans Affairs Canada amend its policies relating to vocational rehabilitation and assistance to ensure that the <i>Canadian Forces Members and Veterans Re-establishment and Compensation Regulations</i> are liberally		Implemented 



		interpreted with regard to the cost and duration of an Individual Vocational Rehabilitation Plan.		
		4. It is recommended that the Department of Veterans Affairs Canada amend its policies relating to vocational rehabilitation and assistance to ensure that the <i>Canadian Forces Members and Veterans Re-establishment and Compensation Regulations</i> are liberally interpreted to allow more flexibility for Veterans to acquire new skills and higher education while also taking into consideration the Veteran's aptitude and motivation in the development of an Individual Vocational Rehabilitation Plan.		Implemented 
2013	Improving the New Veterans Charter: The Report	Financial Support – Economic Benefits		
		1. Providing additional financial support after age 65 to eligible totally and permanently incapacitated Veterans to ensure that their monthly benefits are no less than 70 percent of their indexed pre-release salary.		Implemented 
		2. Increasing the Earnings Loss Benefit to 90 percent of pre-release salary.		Implemented 
		3. Providing the same Earnings Loss Benefit to former part-time Reserve Force members whose injury or illness is related to service.		Implemented 
		4. Calculating the annual cost of living adjustment to the Earnings Loss Benefit based on actual annual increases in the cost of living as measured by the Consumer Price Index.		Implemented 
		5. Providing the Permanent Impairment Allowance and Permanent Impairment Allowance Supplement benefits to all totally and permanently incapacitated Veterans who are in receipt of a Disability Award and an approved rehabilitation plan for the condition that is causing the total and permanent incapacity.		No Longer Tracked 
		Financial Support – Non-Economic Benefits		
		6. As a first step, increasing the maximum amount of the Disability Award to the maximum judicial cap for non-pecuniary damages awarded by Canadian courts.		Implemented 



	7. Conducting a comprehensive review, including consultations with Veterans' stakeholders, to determine what the appropriate maximum amount should be to fairly compensate Canadian Armed Forces members and Veterans for pain and suffering resulting from an injury or illness in service to Canada.		No Longer Tracked 
	8. Reviewing the adequacy of the \$500 provided for financial counselling.		Implemented 
	Vocational Rehabilitation and Assistance Support 9. Instructing the Department to develop appropriate program measurements to effectively monitor Veterans' progression and success in completing their Individual Vocational Rehabilitation Plan, including subsequent employment.		No Longer Tracked 
	10. Amending the <i>Canadian Forces Members and Veterans Re-establishment and Compensation Regulations</i> to ensure that all costs associated with post-secondary education are paid.		No Longer Tracked 
	11. Instructing the Department to amend its policies relating to vocational rehabilitation and assistance to ensure that the <i>Canadian Forces Members and Veterans Re-establishment and Compensation Regulations</i> are liberally interpreted with regard to the cost and duration of an Individual Vocational Rehabilitation Plan.		No Longer Tracked 
	12. Instructing the Department to amend its policies relating to vocational rehabilitation and assistance to ensure that the <i>Canadian Forces Members and Veterans Re-establishment and Compensation Regulations</i> are liberally interpreted to allow more flexibility for Veterans to acquire new skills and higher education while also taking into consideration the Veteran's aptitude and motivation in the development of an Individual Vocational Rehabilitation Plan.		No Longer Tracked 
	13. Increasing partnership opportunities to better help Veterans obtain good paying civilian jobs, in collaboration with the Minister of National Defence.		Implemented 



		14. Undertaking an independent review of the dual SISIP Financial Services and Veterans Affairs Canada income support and vocational rehabilitation programs to determine whether the current construct is effective, in collaboration with the Minister of National Defence.		No Longer Tracked 
		Family Support 15. Providing proper counselling, information, communications and outreach to families.		Implemented 
		16. Extending access by families to Military Family Resource Centre programs after the medical release of the Canadian Forces member, in collaboration with the Minister of National Defence.		Implemented 
		17. Harmonizing Canadian Forces and Veterans Affairs Canada financial assistance provided to families.		No Longer Tracked 
		18. Developing a caregiver compensation program to compensate the spouse or family member who acts as the primary caregiver to a seriously disabled Veteran.		Implemented 
		19. Providing the same access to the Treasury Board Pensioner Dental Service Plan to Veterans and their families as that provided to them by Veterans Affairs Canada under the Public Service Health Care Plan.		No Longer Tracked 
		20. Eliminating the time limit for surviving spouses to apply for vocational rehabilitation and assistance services.		Implemented 
2012	Veterans' Right to Fair Adjudication: Analysis of Federal Courts decisions pertaining to the Veterans Review and Appeal Board	1. That the Veterans Review and Appeal Board report to Parliament on its performance using the <i>percentage of Federal Court judgments that uphold Board decisions</i> as an indicator of fairness in the redress process, and on remedial measures to attain the 100 percent target.		Implemented 
		2. That the Veterans Review and Appeal Board, Veterans Affairs Canada, and the Bureau of Pensions Advocates establish a formal mechanism to review each Federal Court decision rendered in favour of the Veteran or other applicant, for the purpose of remedial action to procedures and adjudication practices.		No Longer Tracked 



		3. That the Veterans Review and Appeal Board provide reasons for its decisions that clearly demonstrate that its obligation to liberally construe the legislation has been met, as well as its obligations under Section 39 of the <i>Veterans Review and Appeal Board Act</i> to draw every reasonable inference in favour of applicants, to accept credible uncontradicted evidence, and to give applicants the benefit of evidentiary presumptions (benefit of the doubt).		Implemented 
		4. That the Minister of Veterans Affairs ensure that the Veterans Review and Appeal Board is sufficiently resourced so that the Board may publish all of its decisions on its Web site and all Federal Court judgments pertaining to Board decisions.		Implemented 
		5. For the Minister of Veterans Affairs to mandate the Bureau of Pensions Advocates to represent applicants on judicial review of decisions of the Veterans Review and Appeal Board in the Federal Court.		No Longer Tracked 
		6. For the Veterans Review and Appeal Board and the Bureau of Pensions Advocates to review their processes and service standards for the priority treatment of cases returned by the Federal Courts for rehearing.		Implemented 
		7. For the Minister of Veterans Affairs to put forward the necessary legislative and regulatory amendments to allow Veterans to be compensated retroactively to date of application under the <i>Pension Act</i> and the <i>Canadian Forces Members and Veterans Re-establishment and Compensation Act</i> .		Implemented 
2012	Honouring and Connecting with Canada's Veterans: a National Veterans Identification Card	1. That the Minister of Veterans Affairs, in consultation with the Minister of National Defence and the Minister of Public Safety, amend the current definition of a <i>veteran</i> for commemoration purposes to include former members of the RCMP.		No Longer Tracked 
		2. That Veterans Affairs Canada broadly publicize and make prominent on its Web site and in appropriate publications the definition of a <i>veteran</i> for commemorative purposes.		Implemented 



		3. That the Minister of Veterans Affairs, in consultation with the Minister of National Defence and the Minister of Public Safety, pursue, as a priority, the development of a <i>National Veterans Identification Card</i> that meets the standards for a government-issued identity document.		No Longer Tracked 
		4. That Veterans Affairs Canada, in consultation with the Canadian Forces and the RCMP, pursue a strategy for the issuance of a <i>National Veterans Identification Card</i> to Veterans and releasing members of the Canadian Forces and the RCMP.		Implemented 
2012	Veterans' Right to Disclosure - A Matter of Procedural Fairness	1. That Veterans Affairs Canada modify the current procedure to retrieve service and health records by providing applicants with a copy of the records and all other information that will be considered by adjudicators in making decisions on disability benefit applications, along with a notice advising applicants of the importance of reviewing the information and notifying the Department of any errors or omissions.		No Longer Tracked 
		2. That Veterans Affairs Canada clarify how service and health records required to process disability benefit applications will be obtained and by whom; and that this be included in a policy available to applicants.		Implemented 
		3. That Veterans Affairs Canada more clearly inform applicants of its intent to retrieve service and health records upon receipt of the application, and the types of records that will be retrieved, and notify applicants that, notwithstanding the actions deemed to be authorized by the consent form, applicants remain responsible for the accuracy of the information.		Implemented 
		4. That service and health records recovered by Veterans Affairs Canada in support of disability benefit applications be sent directly to disability adjudicators intact and without input by employees who do not have the delegated authority to render decisions on applications.		No Longer Tracked 
2011	Veterans' Right to Know Reasons for	1. For Veterans Affairs Canada to improve the mechanisms by which disability benefit assessment letters are generated to make sure essential information is captured for inclusion in		Implemented 



	Decisions: A Matter of Procedural Fairness	<p>letters. This information should be presented in a form that is understandable and is in relation to the decision made. An explanation of how this information has been used to arrive at the decision is required. The Department should also ensure that a notice of the right to appeal is contained in every disability benefit decision letter.</p>		
		<p>2. For reasons for decisions to be written in plain language. Any legal, medical, or administrative terms used should be explained. A separate brochure or other companion piece would serve this purpose and could be included with decision letters.</p>		<p>Implemented </p>
		<p>3. For procedure manuals and training modules to be examined to ensure that adjudicators are aware of the minimum information to be provided in letters and what is needed to substantiate the reasons for their decisions.</p>		<p>Implemented </p>
		<p>4. For quality assurance procedures to be put in place to ensure decision letters fully comply with standards for adequacy of reasons for decisions.</p>		<p>Implemented </p>
<p>2009</p>	Serve with Honour Depart with Dignity: An Administrative Review of the Funeral and Burial Assistance Program for Veterans Affairs Canada	<p>1. That the ceiling for Veterans' funeral and burial expenses be raised to reflect industry standards and that an indexing formula be introduced to ensure that the rates keep up with the economic increases.</p>		<p>No Longer Tracked </p>
		<p>2. That the administration of funeral and burial benefits be simplified by using a discretionary lump sum approach for reimbursable expenses rather than the present itemized approach.</p>		<p>Implemented </p>
		<p>3. That Veterans Affairs Canada extend the Funeral and Burial Program to all Veterans.</p>		<p>Implemented </p>
		<p>4. That eligibility related to the Funeral and Burial Program be extended to include Veterans who suffer from multiple pensioned conditions where the total aggregate suffering and weakening of their body may contribute to the cause of death.</p>		<p>No Longer Tracked </p>



		5. That the estate exemption (surviving spouse) for the means test be increased and aligned with present-day income and cost levels.		Implemented 
		6. That Veterans Affairs Canada engage in a proactive multi-faceted communications campaign to raise awareness of the Funeral and Burial Program.		Implemented 
		7. That Veterans Affairs Canada be more flexible and allow for extraordinary circumstances to be considered when the established timeframe is exceeded.		Implemented 

